

ACCOMMODATION GUIDE FOR CORK

2025 - 2026



Off-campus Accommodation Options



Student Halls of Residence



Short Term Hostels



Private Rental
Accommodation





Off-campus Accommodation Options

Student Halls of Residence / Apartments

01	Easy City	Click here
02	Viva Ireland	Click here
03	Melbourne Point Student Residence	Click here
04	Stay Cork	Click here
05	The Hatch	Click here
06	Lee Point	Click here



Off-campus Accommodation Options

Short Term Hostels

01	Sheila's Hostel	Click here
02	Bru Hostel	Click here

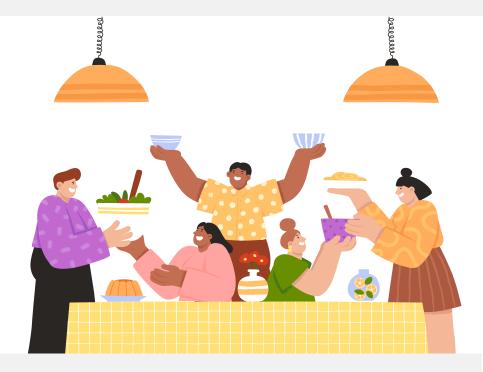


Off-campus Accommodation Options

Host Family / Home Stay

We can arrange Host Family accommodation for incoming students, which involves living with a family, with most meals provided. Please note that the families tend to live in the suburbs so students can expect to travel up to one hour or more to get to campus. In addition, there can be certain house-rules and restrictions which may not appeal to older students.

For further information please contact: international@griffith.ie





Off-campus Accommodation Options

Alternative Options

01	AirBnB	Click here
02	Daft Private Rentals	Click here
03	Hosting Power	Click here

General Tips

Rented accommodation in Dublin can cost from €100 to €400 and above per week, depending on the location, quality and number of occupants in the property. Rent does not usually include bills. Initially a deposit (usually in the amount of one month's rent) is required to be paid, along with one month's rent in advance. In general, rent is paid on a monthly basis. The majority of rented accommodation in Dublin is fully furnished.

If you're looking for rented accommodation, always view the property that you are interested in and look out for the following:

- Is there a smoke detector?
- Dampness: is there any on the walls or ceiling?
- **Furniture:** is it adequate? What condition is it in?
- **Heating type:** Picture it in winter, will it keep you warm?
- What cooking facilities are available?
- Is there a fridge/freezer?
- Are there adequate cooking and kitchen utensils?
- Are there enough electrical lights, plugs, sockets and are they damaged?
- All homes for rent must have a Building Energy Rating (BER). A BER will inform you how energy-efficient the home is and help you make an informed choice when comparing properties to rent.
- Are there **locks** on the main doors? Are they secure?

- Who holds the **keys to the house** at present?
- Who will be responsible for the outward appearance of your accommodation (For example gardens, to avoid offending neighbours).
- Ask if the rent is paid per week or per month.
- Ask if the rent includes **bills**, e.g. electricity, heating etc.
- Ask if there is a deposit payable and if so, when and how it should be paid? Make sure you get a receipt.
- Ask if there is a particular method of payment required, e.g. cash/cheque or standing order.
- Ask for a Rent Book so that all payments to the landlord can be recorded.

If renting accommodation you should bear in mind that you are now about to reside in an area where locals have purchased homes and have established themselves and their families for many years. You should not consider your chosen area as now being a student domain only. You should endeavour to enjoy good relations with your new neighbours and refrain from disorderly conduct, littering, etc.









Tenants' Rights

It is important to get a written agreement/lease from a landlord before moving into rented accommodation in case any subsequent misunderstandings occur. It is advisable to be aware of any specific terms and conditions contained in a lease and to adhere to them.

It is not advisable to withhold rent if any disputes arise with a landlord because adhering to the terms of the agreement/lease puts the tenant in a better position to resolve any disagreements that may occur.

Security Deposits

Landlords usually ask for a Security Deposit, which is fully refundable at the conclusion of a lease. However, some or all of this deposit may be withheld under the following circumstances:

- If the tenant fails to give adequate notice of departure, or leaves before the end of the tenancy agreement without paying the full rental amount up to the departure date as stated on the lease.
- If there is damage caused to the property, which is considered to be greater than 'normal wear and tear'.
- If the tenant vacates the accommodation and leaves unpaid bills and/or rent.
- If the tenant does not honour the terms and conditions as stated in the lease.

Please note: Tenants should insist on a written receipt for any deposit paid, which has been signed by the landlord. This amount should also be written into the rent book.

When you intend to leave, inform your landlord well in advance to arrange a date for the return of your deposit.



Rent Book

As a tenant you are legally entitled to a rent book, which your landlord is required by law to supply you with. You should ensure that you record all rent payments in this book as it can prevent disputes at a later time. If your landlord issues you with receipts, attach them to the rent book.

The rent book should include:

- The address of the rented house/flat/apartment
- The name and address of the landlord and his/her letting agent, if any
- The name of the tenant(s) and the length of the tenancy
- The amount of the rent and how often it should be paid i.e. weekly or monthly, and how it should be paid, i.e. in cash, by cheque or standing order
- Details of other payments such as ESB, heating, cable TV, telephone etc.
- The amount of the deposit paid, how and when it will be returned to you and the conditions under which you will get it back
- A statement of fundamental rights to be upheld by both the landlord and tenant

Rent Increases

Private landlords must follow certain procedures if they want to raise the rent.

Detailed information can be found on the Citizens Information website:

http://www.citizensinformation.ie/en/housing/renting_a_home/rent_increases.html

Visitors

You are entitled to have overnight guests, unless you have signed an agreement in which you forgo this right. You must be aware that there is a difference between having a friend to stay for one or two nights and moving another person into the property. You must exercise your judgment with issues such as this.

Privacy

You are entitled to your privacy and your landlord is not entitled to enter your home when you are not there. Your landlord should give you notice if he/she is coming to inspect their property. Also, if your landlord constantly calls to the property, you are not obliged to invite him/her in. Landlord access should be agreed before you take up the tenancy and any inspection visits should be arranged well in advance. If repairs are needed, the landlord must also consult with you as to when these repairs are to be carried out. It is in your best interests to have them done as quickly as possible.

If the house is being sold or re-let, the landlord should let you know in advance as to when the viewing(s) will take place.

Notice to Quit

If you wish to leave your accommodation and the length of the tenancy is not specified, it is recommended that you give at least four weeks' notice, as failure to do so may result in the loss of some or all of your deposit. A 'Notice to Quit' should be served to the landlord in writing at least four weeks prior to the intended date of departure.

If your landlord wishes to evict you, as previously, they must follow certain procedures.

Detailed information in relation to eviction can be found on the Citizens Information website:

http://www.citizensinformation.ie/en/housing/renting_a_home/rent_increases.html

BEWARE OF SCAMS!

We would also like to make you aware of possible online "scams" in relation to accommodation, and advice on how to stay safe and protect yourself from online fraud.

For further information, please visit:

